# Logan County School District

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

June 30, 2024

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# REPORT





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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Logan County School District Russellville, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Logan County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and select pension/OPEB information on pages 5–18 and 82-99 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of Logan County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carn, Riggs ! Chyran, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 15, 2024



# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



# Logan County School District

Russellville, Kentucky Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

This discussion and analysis of the Logan County School District (the District) is offered by management as a narrative overview of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Readers are encouraged to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, notes to financial statements, and additional information contained within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total government-wide net position increased \$3,237,701. Governmental activities increased \$3,410,275 while business-type activities (food service) net position decreased \$172,574.
- Approximately \$11,062,022 were expended on facility acquisition and improvements during the year. Construction and renovations are performed consistent with the District's long-range facilities plan approved by the Kentucky Department of Education.
- In accordance with Board policy to maintain approximately three months of General Fund operating expenses as a minimum fund balance, \$5,500,000 of fund balance was committed to insure uninterrupted operations of the district. The Board also committed \$405,675 for accumulated sick leave and \$500,000 for future construction projects.
- The total fund balances of governmental funds increased \$19,967,001, mainly due to bond proceeds for construction. The General Fund balance decreased \$43,789. The governmental funds revenues decreased \$13,348 for 2024: revenues from local sources increased \$1,728,396; revenues from state sources decreased \$1,399,173; and revenues from federal sources decreased \$342,571. Total expenditures for governmental funds increased \$8,692,625 for 2024.
- The governmental financial statements reflect a total of \$9,489,961 of revenues and aid from the state for technology, debt service, and payments made by the state on-behalf of district employees for retirement contributions and health insurance. A like amount of expenses are also recorded in the financial statements. The proprietary fund (food service) statements include \$213,021 of on-behalf revenues and expenses.
- The District approved bids August 29, 2023 for renovations and additions to the Logan County High School with a current total estimated cost of \$33,796,124. Related to the construction, the District issued \$28,725,000 of School Building Revenue Bonds dated September 6, 2023 with an average interest rate of 4.19%.



### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three components — management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, which reflect different perspectives of the District's financial operations.

The government-wide financial statements consist of two statements: *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual funds of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements reflect how operations were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The proprietary funds statements show short-term and long-term financial information about the activity the District operates like a business (food service). Fiduciary funds statements provide information on financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include *Notes to Financial Statements* that provide more detailed and additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic government-wide and fund financial statements. Following the statements is *Required Supplementary Information* that further supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year and schedules of pension proportionate liability and contributions.

The Notes to Financial Statements can be found on pages 37 through 81 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting similar to that which is used by private-sector businesses. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the *Statement of Activities*, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position — the difference between the District's total assets, deferred items, and total liabilities, and how they have changed. Increases or decreases in the net position over time may be an indicator of the District's financial position. One must consider, however, additional factors in assessing the overall financial position of the District such as Kentucky's funding from the state's general budget, the District's local tax base, educational programs and expenditures required by law regardless of funding, and other factors.



The District's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide financial statements:

Governmental Activities — Most of the District's services are included here such as instruction, student and administrative support, operation and maintenance of facilities, and pupil transportation. Capital assets and long-term obligations are also included. Locally assessed taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities — These activities are partially funded by charges for the goods and services provided. The District's food service is reported as a business-type activity. Food service is also partially funded by federal and state grants.

The most striking difference between the District and a private-sector company is the source of revenues. Unlike most private-sector businesses, the assets of the District exist to provide services to students and do not generate revenue. The major revenue sources include Kentucky's Seek Excellence in Education Funding (SEEK), the state's school funding formula appropriated from its biennial general budget, and locally assessed taxes. Current and future operations, including the payment of related debt on capital assets, are dependent upon these funding sources continuing at adequate levels.

Government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information regarding the District's accounting funds as opposed to the District as a whole, focusing on the District's major funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to segregate sources of funding and spending on particular programs or activities. The District's funds are mandated by the state as part of a statewide uniform system of accounting for school districts to ensure compliance with finance and legal requirements. The District's major funds are the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Construction Fund. The District has three types of funds:

**Governmental Funds** – Most of the District's services and activities are included in governmental funds which focus on cash inflows and outflows and the balances remaining at year-end that are available for future spending. The modified accrual method of accounting is used to report these funds, which measures cash and financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. Therefore, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view to help indicate the financial resources available to finance the District's programs in the near future. Since the governmental funds statements do not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation of the differences is provided in the financial statements.



**Proprietary Funds** – The District's proprietary fund is the food service fund. The proprietary fund statements are the same as the business-type activities in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

**Fiduciary Funds** – The District is fiduciary for assets that belong to others and is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes. The District's fiduciary funds consist of student activities funds and the scholarship fund. These funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the assets cannot be used to finance the operations of the District.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 36 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net position.** Some major changes in the government-wide net position are due to changes in pension liability charges of: deferred outflows decrease of \$1,530,761; deferred inflows increase of \$3,757,210; and long-term liabilities decrease of \$7,074,203. Also, obligations of outstanding bonds increased \$27,753,919 from bonds issued in the current year. Restricted net position increased \$19,830,880 due primarily to restrictions for construction under contracts.

Following is a summary of the District's government-wide net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	District Total				
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024			
Current and other assets	\$ 12,745,754	\$ 36,799,609	\$ 1,800,715	\$ 1,483,171	\$ 14,546,469	\$ 38,282,780			
Capital assets	54,394,115	63,609,950	460,457	441,585	54,854,572	64,051,535			
Total assets	67,139,869	100,409,559	2,261,172	1,924,756	69,401,041	102,334,315			
Deferred outflows	8,166,679	6,667,689	626,162	563,659	8,792,841	7,231,348			
Long-term obligations	43,136,632	64,260,613	2,138,837	1,453,734	45,275,469	65,714,347			
Other liabilities	1,588,158	5,530,873	16,302	11,579	1,604,460	5,542,452			
<b>Total liabilities</b>	44,724,790	69,791,486	2,155,139	1,465,313	46,879,929	71,256,799			
Deferred inflows	6,064,887	9,358,616	460,306	923,787	6,525,193	10,282,403			
Net position									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	32,207,028	30,954,706	460,457	441,585	32,667,485	31,396,291			
Restricted	1,924,313	21,755,193	-	-	1,924,313	21,755,193			
Unrestricted	(9,614,470)	(24,782,753)	(188,568)	(342,270)	(9,803,038)	(25,125,023)			
Total net position	\$ 24,516,871	\$ 27,927,146	\$ 271,889	\$ 99,315	\$ 24,788,760	\$ 28,026,461			

#### Net Position for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2024



**Changes in net position.** The District's governmental activities net position increased by \$3,410,275 and business-type activities decreased \$172,574 for 2024. 2023 reflected an increase of \$2,289,377 for governmental activities and a decrease of \$158,575 for business-type activities.

The increase for 2024 from 2023 in the change in net position of governmental activities is largely due to an increase in investment earnings. The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC) makes direct payments of principal and interest on District bonds issued for construction of facilities. The bonds payable are included in the long-term obligations of the District and the payments are recorded as revenue from the state. The resultant increase in net position from the direct payment of principal by the SFCC was approximately \$365,543 for 2024 and \$248,687 for 2023. The decrease in business-type activities net position is largely due to an increase in costs of food and other supplies.

Following is a summary schedule of changes in the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	District Total			
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 5,200	\$ 5,200	\$ 89,028	\$ 91,450	\$ 94,228	\$ 96,650		
Operating grants & contributions	7,639,808	7,547,316	2,751,483	2,772,431	10,391,291	10,319,747		
Capital grants and contributions	2,314,141	2,181,688			2,314,141	2,181,688		
General revenues								
Locally assessed taxes	10,196,303	10,677,038			10,196,303	10,677,038		
Investment earnings	92,300	1,222,841	13,368	21,703	105,668	1,244,544		
State aid	21,389,072	29,394,140			21,389,072	29,394,140		
Other revenue	1,422,661	1,364,001			1,422,661	1,364,001		
Total revenues	43,059,485	52,392,224	2,853,879	2,885,584	45,913,364	55,277,808		
Expenses								
Instruction	24,625,531	30,363,000			24,625,531	30,363,000		
Student and instructional staff support	4,091,136	2,071,580			4,091,136	2,071,580		
School administration	2,030,253	2,914,328			2,030,253	2,914,328		
District administration, business,								
and personnel support	1,634,913	4,324,955			1,634,913	4,324,955		
Plant operation and maintenance	4,919,351	4,926,490			4,919,351	4,926,490		
Student transportation	2,352,607	2,301,744			2,352,607	2,301,744		
Interest on long-term debt	666,784	1,581,744			666,784	1,581,744		
Food service			3,012,454	3,058,158	3,012,454	3,058,158		
Other	449,533	498,108			449,533	498,108		
Total expenses	40,770,108	48,981,949	3,012,454	3,058,158	43,782,562	52,040,107		
Increase (Decrease) in net position	\$ 2,289,377	\$ 3,410,275	\$ (158,575)	\$ (172,574)	\$ 2,130,802	\$ 3,237,701		

#### Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2024



As can be seen on the preceding schedule of Changes in Net Position, there are significant variances between revenues and expenses from 2023 to 2024, mostly due to changes in amounts recorded for on-behalf payments and pension liability adjustments. Total District revenues increased \$9,364,444 and total District expenses increased \$8,257,545. Locally generated revenues accounted for 22% of total governmental revenues for 2024 and 2023. General revenue state aid was 53% for 2024 and 47% for 2023, while operating grants and contributions accounted for 19% for 2024 and 23% for 2023.

Direct instruction expenses were 58% of total governmental expenses for 2024 and 56% for 2023, with student support, staff support and school administration making up another 10% in 2024 and 14% in 2023. Operation and maintenance of facilities was 9% for 2024 and 11% for 2023, while pupil transportation was 4% for 2024 and 5% for 2023.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted previously, the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Construction Fund are the District's major funds. The Other Governmental Funds reflected in the financial statements consist of: the SEEK Fund, also known as the Capital Outlay Fund; the FSPK Fund, also known as the Building Fund; the District Activity Fund; the Student Activity Fund; and the Debt Service Fund.

The District's proprietary fund is the food service operation funded by sales and operating grants, mainly federal grants for student meal reimbursement. Being a fiduciary fund, the Scholarship Fund's resources can only be used to fund continuing education scholarships for District graduates and is funded totally by contributions and investment earnings.

The main sources of the General Fund's revenues are state aid in the form of SEEK allocations and locally assessed taxes. The majority of the Districts activities are accounted for in the General Fund. The Special Revenue Fund consists of grant revenues, mostly state funds and federal funds administered through the state, and expenditures of those grants for specific programs in accordance with the grants' guidelines.

The SEEK Capital Outlay Fund's revenues are derived from state SEEK allocations based upon student enrollment. The FSPK Building Fund's revenues are produced by two five-cent special property tax assessments and matching state funds. The use of both funds resources is generally restricted to facilities acquisition or improvement and payment of the related debt on facilities. For the state's current two year budget cycle, however, funds available after debt service may be transferred into the General Fund for operating expenses, within certain limitations. The Construction Fund is used to account for facility construction and improvement projects funded by other funds or borrowing. The District Activity Fund and Student Activity Fund are used to account for monies generated by/for/from students held for student groups or for specified purposes.



The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all activities related to long-term bond obligations. Revenues are transfers from other funds, mainly the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund and FSPK Building Fund, and state aid from Kentucky's SFCC. The revenues are used to make payments on the long-term obligations and related expenditures.

Following is a summary of total fund balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

	FYE 2023	FYE 2024		Increase (Decrease)
Governmental Funds				
General Fund	\$ 9,589,203	\$ 9,545,414	\$	(43,789)
Special Revenue Fund	561,317	653,558		92,241
Other governmental funds				
SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	-	-		-
FSPK Building Fund	560,874	3,746		(557,128)
Construction Fund	44,859	20,439,905		20,395,046
District Activity Fund	5,370	19,598		14,228
Student Activity Fund	570,831	642,319		71,488
Debt Service Fund	 20,750	 15,665	_	(5,085)
Total governmental funds	\$ 11,353,204	\$ 31,320,205	\$	19,967,001
Proprietary Fund (Food Service Fund)	\$ 271,889	\$ 99,315	\$	(172,574)
Fiduciary Funds (Scholarship Fund)	\$ 1,084,843	\$ 1,085,629	\$	786

#### Total Governmental Funds Balances as of June 30, 2023 and 2024

The decrease in the Food Service Fund balance is due to increased costs of food and other supplies. Activity Funds will fluctuate dependent upon student activities for any given year.

The Debt Service Fund is a required conduit for payment of long-term obligations and consequently the balance changes with funds transferred for payment of bond principal and interest. The Construction Fund's balance increased due to bond proceeds for construction projects. The balances of the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund and FSPK Building Fund are generally restricted for use on facilities construction projects as required for participation of the SFCC in funding future debt service for those projects, but excess funds may be transferred into the General Fund under the state's current budget guidelines

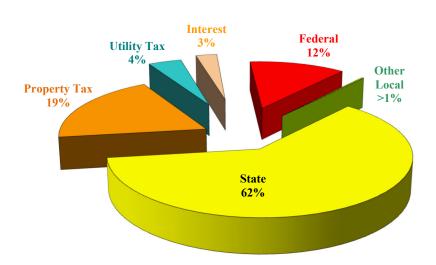


The Special Revenue Fund's balance will inherently fluctuate annually. Grants are obtained for specified purposes and the balance of the fund will change dependent upon when the grant funds are received and disbursed.

Total governmental funds' balances increased \$19,967,001 mainly due to bond proceeds for construction not yet spent. The FSPK Building Fund decreased \$557,128 due to debt payments and transfers to the General Fund and Construction Fund in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education guidelines. Total transfers from other funds into the General Fund totaled \$1,450,578 for 2024 compared to \$1,210,759 for 2023. Transfers from the General Fund to other funds totaled \$385,532 for 2024 compared to \$1,675,976 for 2023.

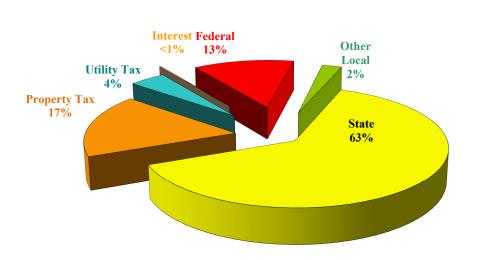
The relationship of Total Governmental Funds revenue and expenditure types remained relatively static in relation to total revenue and expenditures.

The following graphs indicate the relationship of types of revenues to total revenues of Total Governmental Funds for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:



#### Total Governmental Funds Revenues for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024





#### Total Governmental Funds Revenues for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

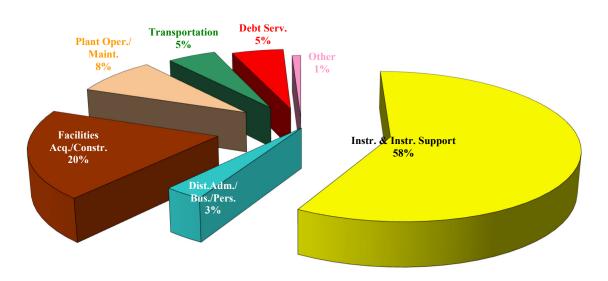
The District continues to find economies in operations wherever possible. With state funding remaining at reduced levels, the District must use local revenue to fill funding gaps, but is limited by law in the amount local funding can be increased. The District is increasing instructional expenditures to remediate any gaps caused by the pandemic, mostly through additional personnel funded by special federal funds. A reduction in some instructional expenditures will be required as the one-time special federal funding is exhausted.

Transportation, both regular and special education transportation, continues to be under-funded by the state, even as costs rise. Plant operation and maintenance expenditures remain mostly steady as the District maintains facilities at a level to defer any deterioration, but eventually more costly renovations will be required due to the age of the facilities.

Following are graphs indicating the relationship of types of expenditures to total expenditures of Total Governmental Funds for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

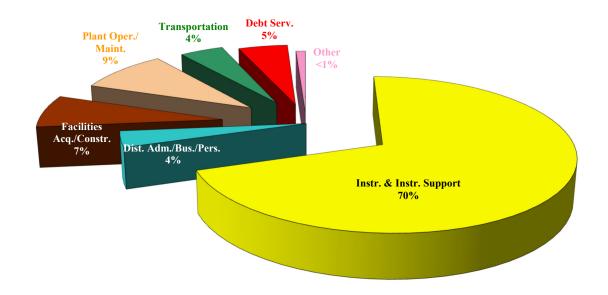
Logan County School District Russellville, Kentucky Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024





#### Total Governmental Funds Expenditures for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Funds Expenditures for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023





#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with directives from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) and Kentucky law, the District's funds 2024 budgets were prepared to account for most transactions on a cash receipt/cash disbursement/encumbrance basis. KDE requires a budget in which any remaining unassigned fund balance is shown as a contingency expense. Over the course of the year, the District revises the annual operating budget as circumstances dictate or as required by KDE. The major changes from the original General Fund budget to the final budget resulted from changes in SEEK funding estimates, federal funding estimates and budgeted transfers.

The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund* contained in the *Required Supplemental Information*, includes \$9,124,418 of state payments on-behalf of District employees for retirement and health benefits and state provided technology in the General Fund budget, a decrease of \$1,575,503 from 2023. These payments are reflected as state program revenues and in each type of expenditure in relation to wages paid, with the major portion contained in instructional expenditures.

Variances result from the cost of normal operations differing from estimates. Contingency funds will always reflect a favorable variance as it is not an expenditure category.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** At June 30, 2024, the District had \$64,051,535 invested in capital assets net of depreciation: historical cost totaled \$107,371,800 with accumulated depreciation totaling \$43,320,265. These assets include school, athletic, and support facilities, as well as technology, food service, and other equipment. \$11,062,022 was expended on facility acquisition and improvements during the year. Depreciation charged to expense during the year totaled \$2,797,614 the majority of which was charged to governmental functions. More detailed information relating to capital assets may be found in Note 6 of the *Notes to Financial Statements*.



Following is a summary of capital assets, net of depreciation, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

		Governmen	tal Ac	ctivities	В	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				Distric	ct Total		
	2023		3 2024		_	2023		2024		2023		2024	
Land	\$	2,504,336	\$	2,504,336					s	2,504,336	\$	2,504,336	
Land Improvements		1,403,226		1,291,254						1,403,226		1,291,254	
Building and Improvements		43,763,519		42,729,287	\$	275,719	\$	259,865		44,039,238		42,989,152	
Construction in Progress		1,589,163		12,310,087						1,589,163		12,310,087	
Technology Equipment		1,315,981		829,693		3,614		2,156		1,319,595		831,849	
Vehicles		1,838,131		2,082,454						1,838,131		2,082,454	
Other equipment and furniture		1,979,759		1,862,839	_	181,124		179,564		2,160,883		2,042,403	
	\$	54,394,115	s	63,609,950	\$	460,457	\$	441,585	\$	54,854,572	\$	64,051,535	

#### Net Capital Assets for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2024

**Long-Term Debt.** The District's long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024 were \$48,896,000, a net increase of \$26,959,000. Of that amount, the Kentucky SFCC has agreed to make a portion of the principal and interest repayment under agreements previously described. Though the District is liable for the full amount of the bonds and the full amount is recorded on the financial statements, the SFCC has agreed to repay \$3,625,753 of the bonds leaving the District to pay \$45,270,247. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$150,879 to a balance of \$1,164,330 at June 30, 2024 due to employee retirement. Other long-term obligations, mostly leases on equipment, will increase with the commitment of new leases and decrease as the leases are paid down.

The District's general obligation bonds are rated Aa3. The amount of total general obligation bonds that the District may issue is dependent upon the amount of resources in the SEEK Capital Outlay and FSPK Building Funds available for debt service. The state must approve the issuance of any new bonds of the District.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities may be found in Note 7 of the *Notes to Financial Statements*.



#### OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

The most crucial aspect in the financial future of the District is continued adequate funding from the state. The District's major source of revenue is state aid, primarily Kentucky SEEK funding. The calculated SEEK amount due to the District has not been fully funded by the state in some preceding years.

The District has worked diligently on a long-term plan to accumulate funds for additional instructional programs, future construction, and an adequate operating reserve. The future construction is needed to provide and maintain facilities at their proper level. Additional instructional programs have proved useful in guiding the district towards student proficiency as mandated and measured by the state. These are multi-year commitments that the District must be assured of being able to fulfill before undertaking. While the District is on a sound financial foundation for the present time and near future, the long-range plans of the District, and the work that has gone into them to date, could be jeopardized without adequate funding from the state or continued unfunded mandates.

With state limitations on the amount local taxes may be increased and a corresponding base percentage decrease to state SEEK funding for assessment growth, the District is unable to generate significant additional funds from local assessments. The District will continue to operate conservatively to assure the availability of adequate resources while making every effort to maintain all facilities at their best operating level and providing innovative instructional services and opportunities to the students of Logan County.

In Kentucky, public schools' fiscal year is July 1 through June 30. Some programs, such as most federal grants, operate on a different fiscal year but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the District's budget must have a minimum 2% budgeted contingency. The District has adopted a 2024-2025 fiscal year budget with a 6.7% budgeted contingency, but with funds committed for a minimum fund balance of approximately three months of operating expense. Significant actions that impact the District's 2024-2025 finances include possible decreased state funding or new unfunded mandates, additional spending for facility maintenance outside of bonded building and renovation projects, continued funding of initiatives such as additional instructional programs and all-day kindergarten.

The 2024-2025 fiscal year is the first year of this biennium state budget cycle. In some past years, funding from the state was cut during the year due to the state's inability to fund the full amount of the biennium budget, and therefore the projected SEEK funding. The state's ability to fully fund the current biennium budget has not been determined.



## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and other stakeholders with a general overview of the Logan County School District's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Dr. Dan Costellow, Superintendent, or Karla D. Paddock, CPA, Chief Finance Officer, at Logan County School District, 2222 Bowling Green Road, P.O. Box 417, Russellville, KY 42276, or by calling (270) 726-2436.

# Logan County School District Statement of Net Position

	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-type		
June 30, 2024		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash	\$	34,991,329	\$	1,376,904	\$	36,368,233
Accounts receivable:	Ŷ	0 1,00 1,020	Ŷ	2,070,000	Ŷ	00,000,200
Taxes		512,341		-		512,341
Accounts		93,595		-		93,595
Intergovernmental		635,900		18,538		654,438
Inventory		-		57,079		57,079
Prepaid expenditures		399,737		-		399,737
Non-depreciable capital assets		14,814,423		-		14,814,423
Depreciable capital assets		90,606,835		1,950,542		92,557,377
Less: accumulated depreciation		(41,811,308)		(1,508,957)		(43,320,265)
Net OPEB asset		166,707		30,650		197,357
Total assets		100,409,559		1,924,756		102,334,315
Deferred Outflows of Resources		25 001				25 001
Deferred loss on debt refundings		35,901		-		35,901
OPEB related		4,338,406		141,973		4,480,379
Pension related		2,293,382		421,686		2,715,068
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,667,689		563,659		7,231,348
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		4,631,181		11,579		4,642,760
Accrued liabilities		30,746				30,746
Unearned revenue		251,033		-		251,033
Accrued interest		617,913		-		617,913
Long-term obligations:						
Due within one year:						
Outstanding bonds		2,087,000		-		2,087,000
Other		45,040		-		45,040
Compensated absences		548,697		14,784		563,481
Due beyond one year:		,		, -		, -
Outstanding bonds		47,696,165		-		47,696,165
Other		89,477		-		89,477
Compensated absences		586,363		14,486		600,849
Net OPEB liability		5,460,000		-		5,460,000
Net pension liability		7,747,871		1,424,464		9,172,335
Total liabilities		69,791,486		1,465,313		71,256,799

(Continued)

# Logan County School District Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2024	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	7 422 700	F CO 000	0.000.000
OPEB related	7,433,769	569,899	8,003,668
Pension related	1,924,847	353,888	2,278,735
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,358,616	923,787	10,282,403
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	30,954,706	441,585	31,396,291
Capital projects	20,443,651	-	20,443,651
Grant programs	653,558	-	653 <i>,</i> 558
Student activities	642,319	-	642,319
Debt service	15,665	-	15,665
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,782,753)	(342,270)	(25,125,023)
Total net position	\$ 27,927,146	\$ 99,315	\$ 28,026,461

# Logan County School District Statement of Activities

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Р	rog	ram Revenues	Changes in Net Position							
					Ор	erating Grants	С	apital Grants					
						and		and	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-type	
Year ended June 30, 2024		Expenses	Charges for Services		C	Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities	Total
<b>Governmental Activities</b>													
Instruction	\$	30,363,000	\$	-	\$	5,494,013	\$	62,099	\$	(24,806,888)	\$	- \$	(24,806,888)
Support Services:													
Student		2,071,580		-		407,266		-		(1,664,314)		-	(1,664,314)
Instructional staff		2,914,328		-		725,518		-		(2,188,810)		-	(2,188,810)
District administration		821,320		-		158,566		-		(662,754)		-	(662,754)
School administration		2,477,357		-		-		-		(2,477,357)		-	(2,477,357)
Business		1,026,278		-		65,484		-		(960,794)		-	(960,794)
Plant operations and													
maintenance		4,926,490		5,200		135,974		-		(4,785,316)		-	(4,785,316)
Student transportation		2,301,744		-		144,230		-		(2,157,514)		-	(2,157,514)
Other		481,046		-		416,265		-		(64,781)		-	(64,781)
Land improvements		2,000		-		-		-		(2,000)		-	(2,000)
Interest on long-term debt		1,581,744		-		-		2,119,589		537,845		-	537,845
Loss on disposal of assets		15,062		-		-		-		(15,062)		-	(15,062)
Total governmental activities		48,981,949		5,200		7,547,316		2,181,688		(39,247,745)		-	(39,247,745)
Business-type Activities													
Food services		2,892,317		91,450		2,772,431		-		-		(28,436)	(28,436)
Total business-type activites		2,892,317		91,450		2,772,431		-		-		(28,436)	(28,436)
Total school district	\$	51,874,266	\$	96,650	\$	10,319,747	\$	2,181,688		(39,247,745)		(28,436)	(39,276,181)
													(Continued)

# Logan County School District Statement of Activities (Continued)

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Year ended June 30, 2024	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total						
General Revenues Taxes:									
Property Motor vehicle	7,043,295 1,073,488	-	7,043,295 1,073,488						
Utilities Other	1,922,918 637,337	-	1,922,918 637,337						
State aid Investment earnings	29,394,140 1,222,841	- 21,227	29,394,140 1,244,068						
Other Transfers	1,198,160 165,841	476 (165,841)	1,198,636						
Total general revenues and transfers	42,658,020	(144,138)	42,513,882						
Change in net position	3,410,275	(172,574)	3,237,701						
Net position - beginning of year	24,516,871	271,889	24,788,760						
Net position - end of year	\$ 27,927,146	\$ 99,315 \$	28,026,461						

## Logan County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash	\$	9,558,801	\$	424,504	24,372,63	6\$	635,388	\$	34,991,329
Accounts receivable:									
Taxes		512,341		-		-	-		512,341
Accounts		92,387		-		-	1,208		93 <i>,</i> 595
Intergovernmental		-		635,900		-	-		635,900
Due from other funds		-		-			91,578		91,578
Total assets	\$	10,163,529	\$	1,060,404	\$ 24,372,63	6\$	728,174	\$	36,324,743

(Continued)

# Logan County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds (Continued)

June 30, 2024	G	eneral Fund	Re	Special venue Fund	C	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	495,791	\$	155,813	\$	3,932,731	\$ 46,846	\$	4,631,181
Accrued liabilities		30,746		-		-	-		30,746
Due to other funds		91,578		-		-	-		91,578
Unearned revenue		-		251,033		-	-		251,033
Total liabilities		618,115		406,846		3,932,731	46,846		5,004,538
Fund Balances									
Restricted		-		653,558		20,439,905	661,730		21,755,193
Committed		6,405,675		-		-	-		6,405,675
Assigned		-		-		-	19,598		19,598
Unassigned		3,139,739		-		-	-		3,139,739
Total fund balances		9,545,414		653,558		20,439,905	681,328		31,320,205
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,163,529	\$	1,060,404	\$	24,372,636	\$ 728,174	\$	36,324,743

# Logan County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

June 30,	2024
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 31,320,205
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$105,421,258, and the accumulated depreciation is \$41,811,308.	63,609,950
Governmental funds record losses on debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are included on the government-wide financial statements as a deferred outflow.	35,901
Special revenue funds record expenditures when paid. Prepaid items are included on the government-wide financial statements as a prepaid expenditures.	399,737
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.	368,535
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.	(3,095,363)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Bonds payable	(49,783,165)
Accrued interest on the outstanding bonds	(617,913)
Other debt	(134,517)
Net OPEB asset	166,707
Net OPEB liability	(5,460,000)
Net pension liability	(7,747,871)
Compensated absences	(1,135,060)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 27,927,146

# Logan County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2024	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
From local sources					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 5,285,465	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,757,830	\$ 7,043,295
Motor vehicle	1,073,488	-	-	-	1,073,488
Utilities	1,922,918	-	-	-	1,922,918
Other	637,337	-	-	-	637,337
Earnings on investments	172,438	5,827	1,048,765	1,638	1,228,668
Other local revenue	116,991	83,251	-	1,048,212	1,248,454
Intergovernmental - state	24,100,144	2,010,961	-	2,119,589	28,230,694
Direct federal	38,157	76,340	-	-	114,497
Intergovernmental - federal	-	5,433,036	-	-	5,433,036
Total revenues	33,346,938	7,609,415	1,048,765	4,927,269	46,932,387
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	19,890,031	5,189,106	-	912,562	25,991,699
Support services:					
Student	1,519,475	407,266	-	-	1,926,741
Instructional staff	1,906,544	725,518	-	28,250	2,660,312
District administration	620,678	158,566	-	-	779,244
School administration	2,389,481	-	-	-	2,389,481
Business	898,202	65,484	-	-	963,686
Plant operations and maintenance	4,561,257	135,974	-	3,506	4,700,737
Student transportation	2,607,304	144,230	-	19,181	2,770,715
·					(Continued)

(Continued)

# Logan County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (Continued)

X 5 1 1 20 2024	General	Special	Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Fund	Revenue Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Other	68,956	416,265	-	-	485,221
Land improvement	-	-	-	2,000	2,000
Building acquisition & construction	-	-	11,062,022	-	11,062,022
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	1,766,000	1,766,000
Interest	-	-	-	1,175,788	1,175,788
Total expenditures	34,461,928	7,242,409	11,062,022	3,907,287	56,673,646
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,114,990)	367,006	(10,013,257)	1,019,982	(9,741,259)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Other debt proceeds	-	-	29,536,264	-	29,536,264
Proceeds from sale of assets	6,155	-	-	-	6,155
Operating transfers in	1,450,578	62,699	872,039	2,588,894	4,974,210
Operating transfers out	(385,532)	(337,464)	-	(4,085,373)	(4,808,369)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,071,201	(274,765)	30,408,303	(1,496,479)	29,708,260
Net change in fund balances	(43,789)	92,241	20,395,046	(476,497)	19,967,001
Fund balances, beginning of year Adjustments (Note 3)	9,589,203 -	561,317 -	۔ 44,859	1,202,684 (44,859)	11,353,204 -

# Logan County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2024	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances - beginning of year after adjustments	9,589,203	561,317	44,859	1,157,825	11,353,204
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 9,545,414	\$ 653,558	\$ 20,439,905	\$ 681,328	\$ 31,320,205

# Logan County School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30,	2024
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 19,967,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays, \$11,993,762 is less than depreciation expense, \$2,756,710, in the period.	9,237,052
Gains and losses are not presented in governmental funds because they do not provide or use current financial resources. However, they are presented on the statement of activities. The difference between proceeds from the sale of assets and the actual gain/loss from the sale net to this amount for the year.	(21,217)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,766,000
The issuance of a bond is shown as an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(29,536,264)
The issuance of a debt is shown as an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The district issued \$0 and repaid (\$59,226) in debt in the current year.	59,226
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	1,004,788 (330,756)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as OPEB expense.	
District OPEB contributions	424,193
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	689,933
Expenditures reported in the fund financial statements are recognized when the	
current financial resource is used. However, expenses in the statement of activities	
are recognized when they are incurred.	 150,319
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 3,410,275

# Logan County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2024	Enterprise Fund Food Service			
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,376,904			
Accounts receivable	18,538			
Inventory	57,079			
Total current assets	1,452,521			
Non-Current Assets				
Net OPEB asset	30,650			
Fixed assets - net	441,585			
Total assets	1,924,756			
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
OPEB related	141,973			
Pension related	421,686			
Total deferred outflows of resources	563,659			
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	11,579			
Compensated absences	14,784			
Total current liabilities	26,363			
Long-Term Liabilities				
Compensated absences	14,486			
Net pension liability	1,424,464			
Total long-term liabilities	1,438,950			
	(Continued)			

# Logan County School District Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Fund

	Enterprise	Fund
June 30, 2024	Food Ser	vice
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB related	569	9,899
Pension related	353	3,888
Total deferred inflows of resources	923	3,787
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	443	1,585
Unrestricted (deficit)	(34)	2,270)
Total net position	\$ 9!	9,315

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Logan County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024	Enterprise Fund Food Service
Operating Revenues	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 91,450
Total operating revenues	91,450
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and wages	1,115,176
Contract services	58,381
Materials and supplies	1,677,855
Other operating expenses	-
Depreciation expense	40,905
Total operating expenses	2,892,317
Operating loss	(2,800,867)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
State grants	339,201
Federal grants	2,314,655
Donated commodities	118,575
Interest income	21,227
Contributions	476
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,794,134
Loss before transfers	(6,733)
Transfers	(165,841)
Change in net position	(172,574)
Net position - beginning of year	271,889
Net position - end of year	\$ 99,315

# Logan County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

	Enterprise
	Fund Food
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Service
Operating Activities	
Cash received from user charges	\$ 75,299
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,091,924)
Cash payments for contract services	(58,381)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,553,684)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,628,690)
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Indirect cost transfer to general fund	(165,841)
Non-operating grants received	2,441,311
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	2,275,470
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of capital assets	(22,033)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(22,033)
Investing Activities	
Interest on investments	21,227
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,227
Net increase in cash	(354,026)
Cash - beginning of year	1,730,930
Cash - end of year	\$ 1,376,904
	(Continued)

# Logan County School District Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024	Enterprise Fund Food Service
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (2,800,867)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss To Net	
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	40,905
Commodities used	118,575
On-behalf payments	213,021
Pension contributions in excess of pension expense	(112,742)
OPEB contributions in excess of OPEB expense	(82 <i>,</i> 687)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables	(16,151)
Inventories	10,319
Accounts payable	(4,723)
Accrued benefits	 5,660
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (2,628,690)

# **Noncash Activities**

- The food service fund received \$118,575 of donated commodities from the federal government.
- The District received on-behalf payments of \$213,021 relating to fringe benefits from the state government.
- The District reclassified \$184,775 related to pension expense to deferred outflows of resources.
- The District reclassified \$0 related to OPEB expense to deferred outflows of resources.

# Logan County School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2024		Private Purpose Trust Fund		
Assets				
Cash	\$	1,085,629		
Total assets	\$	1,085,629		
Net Position				
Held in trust for scholarships	\$	1,085,629		
Net position	\$	1,085,629		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Logan County School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Veer and dune 20, 2024	Private Purpose Trust Funds	
Year ended June 30, 2024		
Additions		
Earnings on investments	\$	15,936
Other local revenue		12,600
Total additions		28,536
Deductions		
Scholarships		27,750
Total deductions		27,750
Change in net position		786
Net position - beginning of year		1,084,843
Net position - end of year	\$	1,085,629

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

## **Reporting Entity**

The Logan County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Logan County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Logan County School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc., except for those funds administered as custodial.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. The criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

#### Blended Component Unit

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements as a blended component unit:

**Logan County School District Finance Corporation** — The Logan County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Logan County School District Finance Corporation (a nonprofit, nonstock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board members of the Logan County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

## NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** — The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements** — Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary and fiduciary — are presented. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The District has the following funds:

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unassigned fund balances are considered as resources available for use. The general fund is a major fund.

# **Basis of Presentation (continued)**

## **Governmental Fund Types (continued)**

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The special revenue fund is a major fund.

The *Special Revenue District Activity Fund* is used to account for proceeds collected by the District's individual schools which are not raised by students or parents and are swept to the District's finance office. Funds can be spent on operating expenses as directed by the District's schools.

The *Special Revenue Student Activity Fund* is used to account for student activity funds of the District's individual schools. The student funds are maintained in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds, which is performed by the District.

*Capital Projects Funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan and certain operating costs.

The *Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund* accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds are restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The construction fund is a major fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and other debt related costs.

#### **Basis of Presentation (continued)**

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

#### Enterprise Fund

The *Food Service Fund* is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The food service fund is a major fund.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types (includes custodial and private purpose trust funds)

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee's capacity or in a custodial capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Custodial funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of result of operations.

#### **Custodial Funds**

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

#### Private Purpose Trust Funds

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals.

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

**Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements** – The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary and fiduciary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place.

**Governmental Fund Financial Statements** – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which the government-wide financial statements are prepared. The governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in the fund balance. On this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

**Governmental Fund Financial Statements (continued)** - measurable and available as assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The records of the District and the budgetary process are based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This practice is the accounting method prescribed by the Committee for School District Audits. The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund and capital projects funds.

#### **Budgetary Information**

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a Board approved budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments approved by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended by approval of the Board.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to compensated absences, pension liability, and OPEB liability.

#### Inventory

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased (purchases method) with the exception of the proprietary funds, which record inventory at the lower of cost, determined by first-in first-out ("FIFO") method, or net realizable value.

# Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded a prepaid items.

# **Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

# Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Debt Related

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include the deferred amount arising from the refunding of bonds. The amount by which the reacquisition price of the refunding debt exceeds the carry amount of the refunded debt is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds as part of interest expense. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

# Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

# NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Pension Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

#### Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – OPEB Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost-sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

# Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District proportionate share of pension amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the salaries paid by each employer. Pension investments are reported at fair value. Note 9 provides further detail on the net pension liability.

# Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

# NOTE 2: SUMMARY ACCOUNTING OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Certified Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District's proportionate share of OPEB amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the contributions paid by each employer. OPEB investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. Note 10 provides further detail on the net OPEB liability.

#### Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and the KTRS plans.

#### Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences for sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits at termination. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave when earned for all employees with more than five years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

#### Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I30: *Interest Costs – Imputation*, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### Leases

Lease contracts that provide the District with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

# Net Position

The District classifies its net position into the following three categories:

*Net investment in capital assets* - This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

*Restricted* - The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

*Unrestricted* - The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### *Net Position (continued)*

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The assessment date of the property taxes is January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set during the September board meeting. Assuming property tax bills are timely mailed, the collection date is the period from September 15 through December 31. Collections from the period September 15 through November 1 receive a two percent discount. The due date is the period from November 2 through December 31 in which no discount is allowed. Property taxes received subsequent to December 31 are considered to be delinquent and subject to a lien being filed by the County Attorney.

#### **Revenues** — **Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions**

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Assets from property taxes are normally recognized when an enforceable legal claim arises. However, for the District, an enforceable legal claim arises after the period for which taxes are levied. Property taxes receivable are recognized in the same period that the revenues are recognized. The property taxes are normally levied in September.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, assets and revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

# Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

## Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

# Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Note 8 provides further detail on the District's encumbrances.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

# Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued November 15, 2024 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

# **Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c)

# Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

# NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The implementation of this standard was significant to the District, see Note 3 for further detail.

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of the financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District is evaluating the requirements of this Statement.

# NOTE 3: CHANGE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The District's fiscal year 2024 financial statement incorporate a change in the financial reporting entity. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, requires disclosure of their nature and effect on amounts reported in the financial statements.

The Construction Fund was presented as a non-major fund included in the total other governmental funds column in the District's fiscal year 2023 governmental fund financial statements. However, in fiscal year 2024, the Construction Fund meets the quantitative thresholds that require major fund presentation. The District consequently reclassified the fund from non-major other governmental funds column and presented the Construction Fund as a major fund in a separate column in the fiscal year 2024 governmental fund financial statements.

# NOTE 3: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes the adjustments to the District's beginning net position and fund balance as a result of the change in accounting principle:

	Fund Financial Statements			ements
	Governmental		al	
	Construction		Non-Major	
6/30/2023 fund balance as previously reported	\$	-	\$	1,202,684
Change from non-major to major presentation		44,859		(44,859)
6/30/2023 fund balance as restated and adjusted	\$	44,859	\$	1,157,825

	Go	overnmental
	Activities	
6/30/2023 net position as previously reported	\$	24,516,871
Change from non-major to major presentation		-
6/30/2023 net position as restated and adjusted	ć	24,516,871

# NOTE 4: CASH

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amounts of the District's cash in deposits were \$37,453,862 and the bank balances were \$38,491,151, which were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the bank's agent in the District's name.

The carrying amounts of deposits are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

June 30,		2024
Governmental funds	ć	34,991,329
Proprietary funds	Ş	1,376,904
Fiduciary funds		1,085,629
	Ş	37,453,862

# **NOTE 4: CASH (CONTINUED)**

## Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the District is required by state statute that bank deposits must be collateralized. The District's bank balance of \$38,491,151 was not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2024.

# Credit Risk

Under Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 66.480, the District is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or of its agencies, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agencies and securities in mutual funds shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

June 30, 2024			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Student Activity Fund	General Fund	\$	91,578

The amount represents interfund loans between the general fund and student activity fund that are done for the purpose of earning interest on cash balances in the student activity fund.

# NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Сар	oital Cost	
	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
June 30, 2024	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,504,336	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,504,336
Construction in progress	1,589,163	11,062,023	341,099	12,310,087
	_,000,200	,00,00	0.12,000	,00,000
Total non-depreciable historical cost	4,093,499	11,062,023	341,099	14,814,423
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,953,466	_	-	2,953,466
Buildings and improvements	69,748,335	358,598	_	70,106,933
Technology equipment	4,643,597	-	36,118	4,607,479
Vehicles	6,493,156	651,239	410,613	6,733,78
General	5,947,038	263,001	4,864	6,205,17
	- / - /	,	<b>,</b>	-,,
Total depreciable historical cost	89,785,592	1,272,838	451,595	90,606,835
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	1,550,240	111,972	-	1,662,21
Buildings and improvements	25,984,816	1,392,830	-	27,377,64
Technology equipment	3,327,616	486,271	36,101	3,777,78
Vehicles	4,655,025	387,418	391,115	4,651,32
General	3,967,279	378,219	3,162	4,342,330
Total accumulated depreciation	39,484,976	2,756,710	430,378	41,811,308
Total depreciable historical cost,				
net	50,300,616	(1,483,872)	21,217	48,795,52
	· ·			. ,
Governmental activities, capital				
assets, net	\$ 54,394,115	\$ 9,578,151	\$ 362,316	\$ 63,609,95

(Continued)

	Сар			oital	Cost			
	E	Beginning				Retirements/		Ending
June 30, 2024		Balance		Additions	R	eclassifications		Balance
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets that are depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	792,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$	792,679
Technology equipment		46,699		-		-		46,699
General		1,092,460		22,032		3,328		1,111,164
Total depreciable historical cost		1,931,838		22,032		3,328		1,950,542
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		516,960		15,854		-		532,814
Technology equipment		43,085		1,458		-		44,543
General		911,336		23,592		3,328		931,600
Total accumulated depreciation		1,471,381		40,904		3,328		1,508,957
Business-type activities, capital								
assets, net	\$	460,457	\$	(18,872)	\$	-	\$	441,585

# NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Year ended June 30,	2023
Instruction	\$ 1,759,124
Support services	, ,
Student	6,323
Instructional staff	755
District administration	31,698
School administration	2,281
Business	608
Facilities operations	576,518
Student transportation	378,744
Other	659
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,756,710

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
2012	\$1,970,000	1.25%-2.125%
2013	2,860,000	1.00%-2.625%
2015	372,000	2.00%-4.00%
2016	8,040,000	2.00%-4.00%
2016	17,415,000	2.00%-3.00%
2023	28,725,000	4.25%-5.00%

On September 1, 2023, the District issued \$28,725,000 in Series of 2023 School Building Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.00% for the Logan County High School construction project.

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Logan County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (SFCC). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	-	n County ol District	School Facilities Construction Commissio	n Total Debt
Year	Interest	Principal	Interest Principal	Service
2024—2025 2025—2026 2026—2027 2027—2028 2028—2029 2029—2030 2030—2031 2031—2032 2032—2033 2033—2034 2034—2035 2035—2036 2036—2037 2037—2038 2038—2039 2039—2040	\$ 1,750,851 1,693,573 1,608,264 1,523,822 1,447,012 1,374,786 1,306,763 1,234,362 1,157,865 1,072,424 981,922 889,657 791,671 694,854 592,390 495,500	\$ 1,846,161 1,916,019 2,016,727 2,115,869 2,208,171 1,932,117 2,106,820 2,203,175 2,308,411 2,422,311 2,422,311 2,534,354 2,101,778 2,199,169 2,302,266	\$ 122,030 \$ 240,83 114,958 246,93 106,941 236,22 99,243 243,13 91,695 251,83 83,791 258,83 75,511 266,83 66,924 276,13 57,980 284,83 46,915 295,53 35,505 307,64 25,157 311,64 15,116 93,22 12,309 40,83 10,407 42,73 8,607 44,53	39 \$ 3,959,881   81 3,971,531   73 3,968,205   31 3,982,065   29 3,998,707   83 3,649,577   83 3,664,274   80 3,684,286   25 3,703,844   89 3,723,339   89 3,747,428   46 3,760,814   22 3,001,788   31 2,947,163   34 2,947,797
2040—2041 2041—2042 2042—2043	394,560 289,367 178,024	2,601,636 2,714,567	6,73146,404,77648,302,70750,43	542,944,144332,945,731
2043—2044	60,170 \$ 19,537,836		818 38,4 \$ 988,121 \$ 3,625,7	<u> </u>

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Maturities of other debt which consist of notes from direct borrowing are as follows for the fiscal years ending:

June 30,	Governmental		
2025	Ś	45,040	
2026	Ŷ	36,073	
2027		30,309	
2028		23,095	
Total	\$	134,517	

Changes in long-term obligations are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within One
June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024	Year
Coursemental activities					
Governmental activities Bonds and notes payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 21,937,000	\$ 28,725,000	\$ (1,766,000)	\$ 48,896,000	\$ 2,087,000
Premiums (discounts) - net	122,978	811,264	(47,077)	887,165	-
Total bonds and notes payable	22,059,978	29,536,264	(1,813,077)	49,783,165	2,087,000
Other liabilities: Other notes from direct					
borrowings	193,743	-	(59,226)	134,517	45,040
Compensated absences	1,291,599	52,649	(209,188)	1,135,060	548,697
Total other liabilities	1,485,342	52,649	(268,414)	1,269,577	593,737
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 23,545,320	\$ 29,588,913	\$ (2,081,491)	\$ 51,052,742	\$ 2,680,737
Business-type/proprietary activities					
Other liabilities:	¢ 22,610	\$ 12.076	¢ (6,416)	¢ 20.270	¢ 11701
Compensated absences	\$ 23,610	\$ 12,076	\$ (6,416)	\$ 29,270	\$ 14,784
Total other liabilities	\$ 23,610	\$ 12,076	\$ (6,416)	\$ 29,270	\$ 14,784

#### **NOTE 8: FUND BALANCES**

The Board follows GASB Statement Number 54. Under this statement, fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balances* are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not have nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2024.

*Restricted fund balances* arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2024, the District had \$653,558 restricted in the special revenue fund for grant programs, \$20,439,905 restricted in the construction fund for capital projects, \$15,665 restricted in the debt service fund and \$3,746 restricted in FSPK for SFCC offer, and \$642,319 restricted in student activity fund for student activities.

*Committed fund balances* are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had the following commitments in the general fund at June 30, 2024: \$405,675 for compensated absences and \$6,000,000 for a minimum fund balance policy.

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. The District had \$19,598 assigned related to encumbrances in the special revenue district activity fund for operating costs of the District's schools at June 30, 2024. Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds and then unassigned funds. Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically rebudgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2024 in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Statutorily, the Kentucky Department of Education may assume financial control over any school district whose fund balance drops below 2% of the total expenditures of certain funds. To maintain balances above this level, they recommend reserving at least 5%. As of June 30, 2024, the Board has committed \$6,000,000 to ensure fund balance remains above these levels. While these funds have been properly committed and not budgeted for future years' expenditures, there is no mandate on how these funds would be used if the Board fell below this floor.

#### **NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS**

#### Pensions

Logan County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS), a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the KTRS and the CERS and additions to/deductions from KTRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KTRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **General Information About the KTRS Pension Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

The KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth.

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of KTRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The board of trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the State Treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor, and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the retirement system.

Any regular or special teacher or professional occupying a position requiring certification or graduation from a four year college or university is eligible to participate in the system. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be found on the KTRS website.

#### **Benefits Provided**

KTRS provides retirement, medical, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members. Plan members are divided into the following three categories:

#### For Members Hired Before July 1, 2008 (TRS 1 and TRS 2):

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members hired after July 1, 2002 who

#### **Benefits Provided (continued)**

retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members Hired On or After July 1, 2008 and Before January 1, 2022 (TRS 3):

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 60 and complete five years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2.0% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3.0% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's 5 highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their 3 highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

#### For Members Hired On or After January 1, 2022 (TRS 4):

To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 57 and complete ten years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Attain age 65 and complete five years of Kentucky service.

**Foundational Benefit:** The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service.

# **Benefits Provided (continued)**

The multiplier for members is shown in the following table:

Years of Service				
Age	5-9.99	10-19.99	20-29.99	30 or more
57-60		1.70%	1.95%	2.20%
61		1.74%	1.99%	2.24%
62		1.78%	2.03%	2.28%
63		1.82%	2.07%	2.32%
64		1.86%	2.11%	2.36%
65 and over	1.90%	1.90%	2.15%	2.40%

**Supplemental Benefit:** The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance that includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance or a portion thereof as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

For members who began participating prior to January 1, 2022, KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of 60% of the final average salary. TRS 4 members will receive a disability benefit to be determined by the board through administrative regulation.

A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled workers.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

# Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. For members who began participating before January 1, 2022, KTRS members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the system. For members employed by local school districts, the State (as a non-employer contributing entity) contributes 13.105% of salary for those who joined before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those joined on or after July 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2022. Other participating employers are required to contribute the percentage contributed by members plus an additional 3.25% of members' gross salaries.

For TRS 4 members, members contribute 14.75% of their salaries to the system. Employers of members, including the state (as a non-employer contributing entity), contribute 10.75% of salary.

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment health insurance contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state

#### **Contributions (continued)**

contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

#### Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	72,846,083
Total	\$ 72,846,083

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,675,781 and revenue of \$9,675,781 for support provided by the State in the government wide financial statements and pension expense of \$4,381,785 and revenue of \$4,381,785 for support provided by the State in the fund statements.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Investment rate of return	7.10% net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00 - 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Post-retirement adjustment	1.50%
Municipal bond index rate	3.66%
Single equivalent interest rate	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Toward Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.00%
Small cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.10%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.60%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.20%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

#### **General Information About the CERS Pension Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

CERS was established by KRS 78.520. The District contributes to the Non-Hazardous CERS plan, a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. CERS was established to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members.

The responsibility of the general administration and operation of the CERS plan is vested in the CERS board of trustees. The CERS board of trustees consists of nine members. Six trustees are appointed by the governor and three are elected by CERS members (active, inactive, and/or retired). CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) were provided to retirees annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. After July 1, 2009, the COLAs were limited to 1.50%. In 2013, the General Assembly created a new law to govern how COLAs will be granted. The language included stated COLAs will only be granted in the future if the System's Boards determine that assets of the Systems are greater than 100% of the actuarial liabilities and legislation authorizes the use of surplus funds for the COLA; or the General Assembly fully prefunds the COLA or directs the payment of funds in the year the COLA is provided. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

- Tier 1 Non-Hazardous Tier 1 plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. These members are classified in the Tier 1 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest.
- Tier 2 Non-Hazardous Tier 2 plan members, who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2014, are required to contribute 6% of their annual creditable compensation, while 1% of these contributions are deposited in an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420). These members are classified in the Tier 2 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% Health Insurance contribution (HIC) to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited.

# **Benefits Provided (continued)**

Tier 3 -Non-Hazardous Tier 3 plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members contribute 5% of their monthly creditable compensation which is deposited into their account, and an additional 1% which is deposited to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see 105 KAR 1:420), which is not refundable. Tier 3 member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% in the member's monthly creditable compensation. The employer pay credit amount is deducted from the total employer contribution rate paid on the member's monthly creditable compensation. If a vested (60 months of service) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to the members contributions (less HIC) plus employer pay credit plus interest (for both employee contributions and employer pay). If a non-vested (less than 60 months) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to receive employee contributions (less HIC) plus interest (on employee contributions only).

# Contributions

Employers participating in the CERS are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate per KRS 78.635. The CERS board of trustees establishes the employer contribution rate based on KRS 78.454(33). The KERS Non-Hazardous employer contribution rate shall include, (1) the normal cost contribution and (2) the prorated amount of the actuarially accrued liability assigned to each individual non-hazardous employer in accordance with KRS 61.565(1)(d). The normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the KRS Board on the basis of the last annual valuation preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The KRS Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS Board. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, participating employers contributed a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Boards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 23.34%.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$9,172,335 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the pension plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .142949%.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$394,661. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected & actual earnings on pension plan	\$	474,834	\$	24,924
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension				
plan investments		990,872		1,115,988
Change of assumptions		-		840,651.00
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution		59,799		297,172
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,189,563		
Total	\$	2,715,068	\$	2,278,735

\$1,189,563 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year end June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$(390,141)
2026	(479,055)
2027	204,764
2028	(88,798)
Thereafter	-

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

#### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions are:

Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Allocation			
Equity				
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%		
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%		
Fixed Income				
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%		
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%		
Cash	0.00%	1.39%		
Inflation Protected				
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%		
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%		
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%		
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%		
Expected Nominal Return for Port	8.25%			

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

## **Discount Rate**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% for CERS Non-hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 28 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1	1% Decrease (5.50%)		Discount Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	11,580,627	\$	9,172,335	\$	7,170,954	

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

# Deferred Compensation Plans

The District offers its employees to defer compensation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

### **General Information about the KTRS OPEB Plan**

### **Plan Description**

District employees, in positions requiring a four-year degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life insurance benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by KRS Chapter 161 Sections 220 through 990. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained on the TRS website.

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of TRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the state treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the system.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Health Insurance Trust and Life Insurance Plans.

The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### Health Insurance Trust

#### **Plan Description**

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

### **Benefits Provided**

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and or are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

### Contributions

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health insurance and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health insurance contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,460,000 for its proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.224180%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,460,000
associated with the District	4,602,000
Total	\$ 10,062,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(207,000), which included \$(122,000) related to changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 1,851,000
Changes of assumptions		1,241,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		102,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,799,000	2,483,000
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		424,193	 -
Total	\$	3,566,193	\$ 4,334,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related of OPEB, \$424,193 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (406,000)
2026	(337,000)
2027	32,000
2028	(20,000)
2029	(221,000)
Thereafter	(240,000)

## Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

### NOTE 10: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial valuation as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

June 30, 2022
7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,
including inflation
3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
2.50%
0.25%
2.75%
3.66%
7.10%
7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,
including price inflation
6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an ultimate
rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032
1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate of
4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement disability, incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with the experience in the TOL roll-forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	of Return
U.S. Large cap Equity	35.4%	5.00%
U.S. Small cap Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.70%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.20%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.00%
Cash	1.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.10%)	 ent Discount ate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	7,023,000	\$ 5,460,000	\$ 4,169,000

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend					
	19	6 Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,931,000	\$	5,460,000	\$	7,364,000

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### Life Insurance Trust

### **Plan Description**

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability and \$2,000 for active contributing members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled members.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the state of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (state) support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
associated with the District	114,000
Total	\$ 114,000

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including price inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results for the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	<b>Real Rate of Return</b>
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### General Information about the County Employees Retirement System's (CERS) OPEB Plan

#### **Plan Description**

District employees are provided OPEB under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statues, and the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) board administers the KRS Insurance Fund. The KRS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the District. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain

### Plan Description (continued)

circumstances. The CERS Insurance Fund is included in a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

### **Benefits Provided**

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI and Humana. The Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

### Contributions

Employers participating in the KRS Insurance Fund contribute a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the KRS board is a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the required contribution was 0.00% of each employee's covered payroll. Contributions from the District to the KRS Insurance Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$0. The KRS board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS board. Employees qualifying as Tier 2 or Tier 3 of the CERS plan members contribute 1% of creditable compensation to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

### Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB No. 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(197,357) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.142943%.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$(489,897).

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	137,587	\$	2,802,268
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		369,345		415,148
Change of assumptions		388,384		270,665
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contriutions and proportionate share of contribution		18,870		181,587
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	914,186	\$	3,669,668

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (720,269)
2026	(833 <i>,</i> 260)
2027	(638,114)
2028	(563 <i>,</i> 839)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

## Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

### NOTE 10: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023:

Inflation Payroll Growth Rate Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return	2.50% 2.00% 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous 6.50%
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 8.50% in 2025, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Mortality (Pre-retirement)	PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-hazardous Systems, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
Mortality (Post-retirement; non- disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP- 2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.
Mortality (Post-retirement; disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term (10-year) expected rates of return were determined by using a building-block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed for each asset class. The ranges were combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfo	olio	8.25%

### **Discount Rate**

Single discount rates of 5.93% for the non-hazardous system were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarial determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

### **Discount Rate (continued)**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that the entire actuarially determined employer contribution is received by each plan each future year, calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

				Current			
				count Rate (5.93%)			
District's proportionate share of the							
collective net OPEB liability	\$	370,363	\$	(197,357)	\$	(672,753)	

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Current ealthcare			
	1%	6 Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the						
collective net OPEB liability	\$	(632,563)	\$ (197,357)	\$	337,253	

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

## Logan County School District Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **NOTE 11: CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

### NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; fire, personal liability, vehicular accidents; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; fiduciary responsibility; and natural disaster. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include workers' compensation insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTE 13: LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

### NOTE 14: EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District did not have any funds with a deficit net position at June 30, 2024. Also, the following funds had excess current year expenditures over current year appropriated revenues:

Year ended June 30, 2024								
Fund	Amount							
General	\$ 43,789							
FSPK	557,128	8						
Debt service	5,08	5						
Food service	172,574	4						

### **NOTE 15: FUND TRANSFERS**

Туре	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 165,841
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology	62,099
Operating	Student Activity	<b>District Activity</b>	Operating	17,734
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	337,464
Operating	FSPK	General	Operating	947,273
Operating	FSPK	Construction	Construction	557,263
Operating	General	Construction	Construction	1,092
Operating	FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Service	2,248,819
Operating	Student Activity	Special Revenue	Operating	600
Operating	SEEK	Construction	Construction	313,684
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	322,341

Fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

## NOTE 16: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the State of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amount received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was \$9,702,982. These payments were recorded as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2024				
Fund	Amount			
General Fund	\$	9,124,418		
Food Service Fund		213,021		
Debt Service Fund		365,543		
Total	\$	9,702,982		
Year ended June 30, 2024				
Technology	\$	124,423		
Health insurance less Federal reimbursements		4,259,233		
Life insurance		5,633		
Administrative fees		45,016		
HRA/Dental/Vision insurance		151,988		
SFCC debt service		365,543		
KTRS		4,751,146		
Total	\$	9,702,982		

# Logan County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

	Budgeted		Variances			
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	 Original	Final	-	Actual	Fin	al to Actual
Revenues						
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 8,377,853	\$ 9,241,987	\$	9,208,637	\$	(33,350)
State programs	23,268,300	24,088,626		24,100,144		11,518
Federal programs	7,500	25,000		38,157		13,157
Total revenues	31,653,653	33,355,613		33,346,938		(8,675)
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction	18,743,036	19,925,655		19,890,031		35,624
Support services:						
Student	1,578,360	1,523,594		1,519,475		4,119
Instructional staff	1,766,796	1,911,915		1,906,544		5,371
District administration	800,858	630,343		620,678		9,665
School administration	2,120,866	2,394,247		2,389,481		4,766
Business	672,813	899,422		898,202		1,220
Plant operations and maintenance	3,514,795	4,663,253		4,561,257		101,996
Student transportation	1,829,973	2,614,216		2,607,304		6,912
Other						
Community Services	53,863	68,975		68,956		19
Contingency	2,375,374	2,712,042		-		2,712,042
Total expenditures	33,456,734	37,343,662		34,461,928		2,881,734
						(Continued)

# Logan County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund (Continued)

		Budgeted A	Amounts		Variances
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	Ori	ginal	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1	.,803,081)	(3,988,049)	(1,114,990)	2,873,059
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sale of assets		10,000	7,500	6,155	(1,345)
Operating transfers - net		363,738	1,057,771	1,065,046	7,275
Total other financing sources (uses)		373,738	1,065,271	1,071,201	5,930
Net change in fund balance	(1	.,429,343)	(2,922,778)	(43,789)	2,878,989
Fund balance - beginning of year	1	,429,343	2,922,778	9,589,203	6,666,425
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$-	\$ 9,545,414	\$ 9,545,414

# Logan County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted			,	Variances			
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	 Original Final				Actual	Final to Actual		
_								
Revenues							<i></i>	
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 28,829	Ş	111,553	Ş	89 <i>,</i> 078	Ş	(22 <i>,</i> 475)	
State programs	2,016,255		1,987,879		2,010,961		23,082	
Federal programs	2,672,380		3,277,260		5,509,376		2,232,116	
Total revenues	4,717,464		5,376,692		7,609,415		2,232,723	
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction	3,306,155		3,261,728		5,189,106		(1,927,378)	
Support services								
Student	183,634		619,421		407,266		212,155	
Instructional staff	580,155		737,214		725,518		11,696	
District administration	-		1,588		158,566		(156,978)	
Business	118,951		211,083		65,484		145,599	
Plant operations and maintenance	70,120		107,976		135,974		(27,998)	
Student transportation	186,870		145,267		144,230		1,037	
Other	338,520		354,514		416,265		(61,751)	
Total expenditures	4,784,405		5,438,791		7,242,409		(1,803,618)	
							(Continued)	

# Logan County School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund (Continued)

		Budgeted A	Amounts		Variances
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	C	Driginal	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(66,941)	(62,099)	367,006	429,105
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers - net		66,941	62,099	(274,765)	(336,864)
Total other financing sources (uses)		66,941	62,099	(274,765)	(336,864)
Net change in fund balance		-	-	92,241	92,241
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	-	561,317	561,317
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$-	\$ 653,558	\$ 653,558

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - KTRS										
As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.0%	6 0.09	% 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
liability State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ - \$	5 -	\$-
liability associated with the District	\$ 72,846,083	\$ 75,801,014	\$ 58,108,501	\$ 63,246,530	\$ 61,719,503	\$ 61,144,433	\$ 131,058,157	\$ 143,257,834	\$ 111,222,269	\$ 95,446,484
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,081,627	\$ 15,679,718	\$ \$ 13,366,142	\$ 14,055,457	\$ 14,702,174	\$ 14,893,906	\$ 14,587,085	\$ 15,450,128 \$	\$ 14,803,488	\$ 14,557,780
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.09	6 0.09	% 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.68%	6 56.419	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

			Schedule of D	Disti	rict's Contribu	itio	ns - KTRS						
For the Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022		2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,492,627	15,081,627	\$ 15,679,718	\$	13,366,142	\$	14,055,457	\$	14,702,174	\$ 14,893,906	\$ 14,587,085	\$ 15,450,128	\$ 14,803,488
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	ò	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

## Changes of Benefit Terms

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

2023: no changes in assumptions

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2020: No changes in assumptions.

2019: No changes in assumptions.

2018: In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2017: In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2016: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2015: In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

2014: In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

		Schedule of	the District's Pro	portionate Share	of the Net Pensi	on Liability - CE	RS			
As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.142949	% 0.148969	% 0.146749%	% 0.148821%	0.153186%	0.159247%	0.174000%	0.177379%	0.178970%	0.179424%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,172,33	5 \$ 10,768,98	9 \$ 9,356,400	\$ 11,414,447	\$ 10,773,640	\$ 9,698,628	\$ 10,184,755	\$ 8,733,483 \$	7,694,873	\$ 5,821,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,184,20	9 \$ 4,167,10	4 \$ 3,889,803	\$ 3,853,943	\$ 3,915,099	\$ 4,067,396	\$ 4,163,849	\$ 4,259,525 \$	4,205,008	\$ 4,080,244
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	219.2	% 258.4	% 240.5%	6 296.2%	275.2%	238.4%	244.6%	205.0%	183.0%	142.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.4	18 52.42	% 57.33%	6 47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.8%

			Schedule of	of D	istrict's Cont	ribu	tions - CERS						
For the Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022		2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	_	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 970,979	\$ 979,105	\$ 882,176	\$	750,732	\$	743,811	\$ 635,029	\$ 588,959	\$ 580,857	\$	529,033	\$ 534,344
contractually required contribution	\$ 970,979	979,105	882,176		750,732		743,811	635,029	588,959	580,857		529,033	534,344
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,160,150	\$ 4,184,209	\$ 4,167,104	\$	3,889,803	\$	3,853,943	\$ 3,915,099	\$ 4,067,396	\$ 4,163,849	\$	4,259,525	\$ 4,205,008
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.34%	23.40%	21.17%		19.30%		19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%		12.42%	12.75%

## **Changes of Benefit Terms**

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: No changes in benefit terms.

2022: No changes in benefit terms.

2021: No changes in benefit terms.

2020: No changes in benefit terms.

2019: No changes in benefit terms.

2018: No changes in benefit terms.

2017: No changes in benefit terms.

2016: No changes in benefit terms.

2015: No changes in benefit terms.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. Additionally, House Bill 271 was enacted which removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries. This did not have a material (or measurable) impact on the liability of the plans and therefore, no adjustment was made to the Total Pension Liability to reflect this legislation.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2016: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2015: No changes in assumptions.

## Logan County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

As of June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021	-	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	2015	2010
liability	0.22418%		0.322153%		0.237803%		0.238758%		0.240471%	0.239976%	0.255433%
District's proportionate share of the collective net											
OPEB liability	\$ 5,460,000	\$	7,998,000	\$	5,103,000	\$	6,069,000	\$	7,038,000	\$ 8,326,000	\$ 9,108,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,679,718	\$	13,366,142	\$	14,055,457	\$	14,702,174	\$	14,702,174	\$ 14,893,906	\$ 14,587,085
District's proportionate share of the collective net											
OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.82%		59.84%		36.31%		41.28%		47.87%	55.90%	62.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
total OEPB liability	52.97%		47.75%		51.74%		39.05%		32.58%	25.50%	21.18%
	Schedule	of	the District's	Со	ntributions - I	(TR	RS				
For the Years Ended June 30,	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 424,193	\$	411,839	\$	413,644	\$	385,336	\$	393,854	\$ 387,693	\$ 398,855
required contribution	424,193		411,839		413,644		385,336		393,854	387,693	398,855
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,492,627	\$	15,081,627	\$	15,679,718	\$	13,366,142	\$	14,055,457	\$ 14,702,174	\$ 14,893,906
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll	2.74%		2.73%		2.64%		2.88%		2.80%	2.64%	2.68%

## Logan County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

## **Changes of Benefit Terms**

2023: No changes of benefit terms.

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

2021: No changes of benefit terms.

2020: No changes of benefit terms.

2019: No changes of benefit terms.

2018: No changes of benefit terms.

2017: With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHPparticipating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHPparticipating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

## Changes of Assumptions

2022: The health care trend rates were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

# Logan County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

As of June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB														
liability		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net														
OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	15,679,718	\$	13,366,142	\$	14,055,457	\$	14,702,174	\$	14,702,174	\$	14,893,906	\$	14,587,085
District's proportionate share of the collective net														
OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the														
total OEPB liability		76.91%		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		75.00%		79.99%
		Schedule	of	the District's	Co	ntributions - I	KTF	RS						
For the Years Ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually														
required contribution		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	Ś	15,492,627	Ś	15,081,627	Ś	15,679,718	Ś	13,366,142	Ś	14,055,457	¢	14,702,174	Ś	14.893.906

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

Contributions as percentage of covered payroll

## Logan County School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

## **Changes of Benefit Terms**

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

## **Changes of Assumptions**

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Schedule of Dis	trict's Proportie	onate Share of	the Collective N	let OPEB Liabilit	ty - CERS		
As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB							
liability	0.142943%	6 0.148950%	6 0.146715%	0.148778%	0.153159%	0.159241%	0.174000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB							
liability	\$ (197,357	) \$ 2,939,549	\$ 2,808,785	\$ 3,592,536	\$ 2,576,065	\$ 2,827,292	\$ 3,497,995
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,184,209	\$ 4,167,104	\$ 3,889,803	\$ 3,853,943	\$ 3,915,099	\$ 4,067,396	\$ 4,163,849
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB							
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.729	6 70.54%	6 72.21%	93.22%	65.80%	69.51%	84.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the							
total OEPB liability	104.23%	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%
	Schedule o	f the District's C	Contributions - (	CERS			
For the Year Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$-	\$ 142,436	\$ 240,185	\$ 185,343	\$ 183,634	\$ 206,069	\$ 191,119
Contributions in relation to the contractually							
required contribution	-	142,436	240,185	185,343	183,634	206,069	191,119
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,160,150	\$ 4,184,209	\$ 4,167,104	\$ 3,889,803	\$ 3,853,943	\$ 3,915,099	\$ 4,067,396
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	6 3.39%	<b>5.76%</b>	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

No changes of benefit terms.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

2023: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 9 of the financial statements. During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 11 of the financial statements. During the 2022 legislative session, Senate Bill 209 was enacted which increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2023 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total OPEB Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability). However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which update the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using the updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25%.

# Logan County School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund		FSPK Fund	Ac	District tivity Fund	Student tivity Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	otal Other vernmental Funds
,					,				
Assets									
Cash	\$	-	\$ 3,746	\$	19 <i>,</i> 598	\$ 596,379	\$	15,665	\$ 635,388
Accounts receivable:									
Accounts		-	-		-	1,208		-	1,208
Due from other funds		-	-		-	91,578		-	91,578
Total assets	\$	-	\$ 3,746	\$	19,598	\$ 689,165	\$	15,665	\$ 728,174
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 46,846	Ş	-	\$ 46,846
Total liabilities		-	-		-	46,846		-	46,846
Fund balances									
Restricted		-	-		-	642,319		15,665	657,984
Restricted SFCC Offer		-	3,746		-	-		-	3,746
Assigned		-	-		19,598	-		-	19,598
Total fund balance		-	3,746		19,598	642,319		15,665	681,328
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$ 3,746	\$	19,598	\$ 689,165	\$	15,665	\$ 728,174

# Logan County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

			(Formerly Non-Major)				Total Other
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds
Revenues							
From local sources:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$-	\$ 1,757,830	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,757,830
Other local revenue	-	-	-	-	1,048,212	-	1,048,212
Earnings on investments	-	35	-	-	1,603	-	1,638
Intergovernmental - state	314,684	1,439,362	-	-	-	365,543	2,119,589
Total revenues	314,684	3,197,227	-	-	1,049,815	365,543	4,927,269
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	-	-	-	-	912,562	-	912,562
Support services:							
Student	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-	28,250	-	28,250
Plant operations and maintenance	-	-	-	3,506	-	-	3,506
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	19,181	-	19,181
Land improvement	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	-	2,000
Building acquisition & construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	1,766,000	1,766,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	1,175,788	1,175,788
Total expenditures	1,000	1,000	-	3,506	959,993	2,941,788	3,907,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	313,684	3,196,227	-	(3,506)	89,822	(2,576,245)	1,019,982

# Logan County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

			(Formerly Non-Major)				Total Other
For the Year ended June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Insurance recovery proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	17,734	-	2,571,160	2,588,894
Operating transfers out	(313,684)	(3,753,355)	-	-	(18,334)	-	(4,085,373)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(313,684)	(3,753,355)	-	17,734	(18,334)	2,571,160	(1,496,479)
Net change in fund balances	-	(557,128)	-	14,228	71,488	(5,085)	(476,497)
Fund balances - beginning of year Adjustments (Note 3)	-	560,874 -	44,859 (44,859)	5,370 -	570,831 -	20,750	1,202,684 (44,859)
Fund balances - beginning of year, after adjustments	_	560,874		5,370	570,831	20,750	1,157,825
Fund balances - end of year	\$-	\$ 3,746	\$-	\$ 19,598	\$ 642,319	\$ 15,665	

## Logan County School District Combining Statement of School Activity Funds

								Α	ccounts						
		Cash	Cash		Cash		Cash	Re	eceivable	Ac	counts	Α	ccounts	Fu	nd Balance
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024	Ju	ly 1, 2023	Receipts	Dis	bursements	Ju	ne <b>30, 2024</b>	Fro	m District	Red	ceivable	P	ayable	Ju	ne 30, 2024
Logan County High School	\$	159,176	\$ 529,647	\$	474,271	\$	214,552	\$	91,578	\$	-	\$	29,981	\$	276,149
Adairville Elementary		70,243	88,233		88,131		70,345		-		-		333		70,012
Auburn Elementary		52,147	96,355		80,783		67,719		-		-		12,615		55,104
Chandlers Elementary		53,528	154,177		130,325		77,380		-		-		720		76,660
Lewisburg Elementary		64,688	147,485		134,104		78,069		-		-		1,977		76,092
Olmstead Elementary		86,597	177,139		175,422		88,314		-		1,208		1,220		88,302
Total	\$	486,379	\$ 1,193,036	\$	1,083,036	\$	596,379	\$	91,578	\$	1,208	\$	46,846	\$	642,319

## Logan County School District Statement of School Activity Funds Logan County High School

	Cash		Cash	Cash	Cash	Accounts	Accounts	Accounts Receivable	Fund Balance
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	F	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2024	Receivable	Payable	External	June 30, 2024
Archery	\$-	\$	443	\$ 443	\$ -	\$ 313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 313
Art	-	·	586	586	· _	-	-	-	-
Arts/S4ZARTS	-		1,324	1,324	-	66	-	-	66
Athletics	16,776		126,673	119,797	23,652	-	-	-	23,652
Baseball	5,215		9,402	9,817	4,800	-	-	-	4,800
Baseball/Middle School	-		6,579	6,579	-	5,119	-	-	5,119
Bass Fishing Club	-		250	250	-	1,598	-	-	1,598
Beta Club	-		4,675	4,675	-	2,746	-	-	2,746
Book Fund	71		-	-	71	-	-	-	71
Book Club	-		3,170	3,170	-	1,902	35	-	1,867
Boys Basketball	1		13,331	13,332	-	343	-	-	343
Boys Basketball/Middle School	1		5,699	1,934	3,766	3,566	-	-	7,332
Girls Basketball	-		13,023	13,023	-	5,311	-	-	5,311
Girls Basketball/Middle School	-		2,926	2,926	-	2,376	-	-	2,376
Carnival	-		30	30	-	46	-	-	46
Cheerleading	44		1,000	859	185	-	-	-	185
MS Cheerleading	-		1,322	1,322	-	1,150	-	-	1,150
Cougar Cookies	-		1,791	1,791	-	1,775	154	-	1,621
Cross Country	-		1,151	1,151	-	976	-	-	976
DAF Sweep Account	-		7,734	7,734	-	-	-	-	-
DECA	-		28,495	1,114	27,381	-	-	-	27,381
Cougar Store	-		3,165	3,165	-	1,894	-	-	1,894
DMAC	35		-	-	35	-	-	-	35
Esports	-		1,184	1,184	-	389	-	-	389
FBLA Club	21,193		19,944	19,035	22,102	-	117	-	21,985
FCA Club	-		170	170	-	170	-	-	170
FFA Club	20,046		59,162	78,760	448	-	-	-	448
Barren River FFA	-		80	80	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
FCCLA Club	-		5,348	5,348	-	3,171	-	-	3,171
FMD	-		150	150	-	657	-	-	657
FMD - Cougar Cave	-		9,062	9,062	-	11,894	-	-	11,894
Football	-		31,661	31,661	-	1,960	-	-	1,960
Football/Middle School	3,659		8,021	9,101	2,579	-	-	-	2,579
General	18,130		1,565	603	19,092	-	114	-	18,978
General #1 - Teacher	-		13,466	13,466	-	7,767	996	-	6,771
General #2 - Student	20,118		10,118	7,098	23,138	-	2,729	-	20,409

## Logan County School District Statement of School Activity Funds (Continued) Logan County High School

	Cash	Cash	Cash	Cash	Accounts	Accounts	Accounts Receivable	Fund Balance
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2024	Receivable	Payable	External	June 30, 2024
Golf	-	360	360	-	874	-	-	874
Greenhouse	12,957	13,748	24,803	1,902	-	-	-	1,902
JROTC Club	3,001	32,771	26,976	8,796	-	3,657	-	5,139
КҮА	-	3,561	3,561	-	7	-	-	7
Law Club	756	213	410	559	-	-	-	559
LCYSC	3,326	9,211	843	11,694	-	-	-	11,694
Pep Club	1,055	3,170	3,289	936	-	77	-	859
Prom Fund	-	14,588	14,588	-	11,302	7,389	-	3,913
Renaissance	-	725	725	-	300	-	-	300
Republican Club	-	-	-	-	432	-	-	432
Science/Kelly, C.	-	-	-	-	1,456	-	-	1,456
Science/ Wood	-	-	-	-	136	-	-	136
Soccer/Middle School Boys	-	1,813	1,813	-	973	-	-	973
Soccer/Boys	1	3,576	3,577	-	1,383	-	-	1,383
Soccer/Girls	-	3,444	3,444	-	537	-	-	537
Softball	-	4,083	4,083	-	4,323	-	-	4,323
Softball/Middle School	-	2,625	2,625	-	2,607	-	-	2,607
Student Council	-	2,061	2,061	-	2,372	-	-	2,372
Swim Team	-	1,632	1,632	-	230	-	-	230
Sweet Surprise	-	805	805	-	417	-	-	417
Technology	-	-	-	-	1,220	-	-	1,220
Tennis	-	2,518	2,518	-	1,446	127	-	1,319
Track	-	1,357	1,357	-	1,808	-	-	1,808
United Way	-	267	267	-	1,561	-	-	1,561
Vo. Ag.	-	600	600	-	2,005	-	-	2,005
Volleyball	11,742	14,057	700	25,099	-	-	-	25,099
Year Book	21,049	19,762	2,494	38,317	-	14,586	-	23,731
Totals	\$ 159,176 \$	529,647	\$ 474,271	\$ 214,552	\$ 91,578	\$ 29,981	\$-	\$ 276,149

## Logan County School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal	Pass- Through			
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Tota Federal Exp	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Direct Program:					
Food Distribution Program - noncash	10.555		-	\$ 118,575	
Passed-Through State Department of Education:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 22	-	782,983	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 22	-	1,499,913	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559		-	18,535	
Subtotal					2,420,000
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560		-		5,890
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		-		7,334
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					2,433,230
U.S. Department of Defense					
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program:					
	12.000	504K	-	76,340	
Direct Program:	12.000	504K	-	76,340	76,340
Direct Program: ROTC - 2024	12.000	504К		76,340	76,34(
Direct Program: ROTC - 2024 Total U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education:	84.010	504K 3100002 22		76,340	76,34(
Direct Program: ROTC - 2024 Total U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education: Title I, Part A					
Direct Program: ROTC - 2024 Total U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education: Title I, Part A Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024	84.010	3100002 22		202,355	76,344
Direct Program: ROTC - 2024 Total U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education: Title I, Part A Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Subtotal	84.010 84.010	3100002 22 3100002 23		202,355 837,375	

## Logan County School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/	Federal Assistance	Through Entity	Passed		
Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying	Through to	Tota	l
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Federal Expe	nditures
Special Education Cluster					
IDEA-B ARP	84.027X		-	23,518	
Special Education Grant to States - 2022	84.027	3810002 21	-	3,727	
Special Education Grants to States - 2023	84.027	3810002 22	-	115,959	
Special Education Grants to States - 2024	84.027	3810002 23	-	750,643	
Special Education Preschool Grant- 2022	85.173	3800002 21	-	759	
Special Education Preschool Grant- 2023	85.173	3800002 22	-	838	
Special Education Preschool Grant- 2024	84.173	3800002 23		95,424	
Subtotal					990,86
English Language Acquisiton Grants - 2022	84.365	3300002 21	-	14,423	
English Language Acquisiton Grants - 2023	84.365	3300002 22		14,202	
Subtotal					28,62
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant - 2023	84.367	3230002 22	-	627	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant - 2024	84.367	3230002 23		172,007	
Subtotal			_	<u> </u>	172,63
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States -					1,2,00
2023	84.048	3710002 22	-	2,432	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States -				_,	
2024	85.048	3710002 23	-	29,405	
Subtotal			_		31,83
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program - 2023	84.424A	3420002 21	-	21,494	,
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program - 2024	84.424A	3420002 22	-	59,798	
Stronger Connections	84.424F	5 .20002 ZZ	-	58,594	
Subtotal	57.7271			50,554	139,88
Rural Education - 2022	85.358B	3140002 22	_		45,42

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## Logan County School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Tota Federal Expe	
COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund					
FRYSC Geer II	84.425U	564GF	-	26,903	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	473G	-	1,157,228	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	473GA	-	6,816	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	473KC	-	4,634	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	473GW	-	4,182	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	563JA	-	31,783	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	473GL	-	1,461,836	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary	84.425U	563JA	-	10,000	
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Homeless Children and					
Youth	84.425W	473IC	-	34,859	
Subtotal			_		2,738,24
21st Century Community Learning Centers Program	84.287		-		104,83
tal U.S. Department of Education					5,433,03
tal Expenditures of Federal Awards				ç	5 7,942,6

## Logan County School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Logan County School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair value of the goods received.

#### NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use the indirect cost rates as defined by the grantor in the following programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minims indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE 4: LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES**

The District did not have any loans or loan guarantee programs required to be reported on the schedule.

### **NOTE 5: SUBRECIPIENTS**

The District did not provide federal funds to subrecipients for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

## Logan County School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

No findings were reported in the June 30, 2023 audit.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Logan County School District Russellville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits as defined in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract – State Compliance Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2024.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 15, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Logan County School District Russellville, Kentucky

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Logan County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of Auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of ver compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carn, Rigger & Ungram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 15, 2024

## Logan County School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

### Section I — Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?	□ Yes 🗹 No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	□ Yes ☑ None reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes ☑ No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	□ Yes ☑ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	□ Yes ☑ None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs: unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 200.516(a))?	□Yes ☑ None reported

## Logan County School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Identification of major Federal programs:

Federal Assistance Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
10.553 / 10.555/ 10.556/ 10.559 / 10.582	Child Nutrition Cl	uster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	☑ Yes □	No			
Section II — Financial Statement Findings					
None reported.					

## Section III — Federal Award Findings And Questioned Costs

None reported

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Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Logan County School District Russellville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Logan County School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's system of internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 15, 2024 contains our communication of significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2024 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the District, Kentucky State Committee for School Districts Audits, and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC Bowling Green, Kentucky November 15, 2024



## Logan County School District Comments and Recommendations

## **Current Year Findings**

## • Logan County High School

 During our sampling procedures over cash disbursements, we noted two purchase orders selected for testing was not marked as approved in accordance with Redbook.

### **Prior Year**

All prior year findings have been corrected.

## Logan County School District Client Responses

## LOGAN COUNTY SCHOOLS

2222 Bowling Green Road - P. O. Box 417 - Russellville, KY 42276 Phone 270-726-2436 Fax 270-726-8892

Dr. Dan Costellow, Superintendent

November 15, 2024

Kentucky Department of Education Division of Finance and Operations Division of District Support 300 Sower Blvd., 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Frankfort, KY 40601

RE: Logan County School District Letter of Comments and Recommendations Audit of FYE June 30, 2024

Ladies / Gentlemen:

The auditor's Letter of Comments and Recommendations describes opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency.

Following are the procedures to institute the recommendations and corrective actions to be taken or already established:

#### Logan County High School

Two purchase orders were not marked as approved. The school was informed that all purchase orders are to be approved as required by the Redbook.

If there are any questions on the comments or corrective actions, or if any other information is needed, please feel free to call upon me.

Sincerely,

Kaila D. Paddock Karla D. Paddock, CPA Chief Finance Officer

CC: Carr Riggs & Ingram, LLC



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## **CRI'S CEO ACTION FOR DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION**

Carr, Riggs & Ingram is committed to fostering an inclusive and diverse place for all employees to work in and engage. When our managing partner and chairman, Bill Carr, signed the CEO Action for Diversity & Inclusion<sup>™</sup> pledge, he made a public commitment to building a productive, diverse, and inclusive workplace. <u>Learn more about CRI's commitment to Diversity and Inclusion</u>.